AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

LISTING OF CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming a porous insulating layer, comprising:

the <u>a</u> solution-applying step of applying a solution in which an insulating material is dissolved, onto a workpiece;

the <u>a</u> solidified layer-forming step of forming a solidified layer by cooling the solution applied onto the workpiece to a temperature less than or equal to the melting point of a solvent contained in the solution;

the <u>a</u>drying step of removing the solvent contained in the solidified layer to make the solidified layer porous; and

the <u>a</u> firing step of hardening the porous layer obtained by the drying step.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein, in the solution-applying step, the solution is applied so as to cover unevenness of the surface of the workpiece, and to flatten the surface of the applied layer.
- 3. (Original) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein the drying step is performed under a reduced pressure.

- 4. (Original) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 2, wherein the drying step is performed under a reduced pressure.
- 5. (Original) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein the solidified layer-forming step is performed after part of the solvent is removed from the solution applied onto the workpiece.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein the firing step is followed by <u>an airtight treatment</u>, the <u>air tight treatment</u>-for eliminating the air permeability of the hardened porous solidified layer.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein the solidified layer-forming step <u>comprises</u> is <u>performed</u> by rapidly cooling the solution.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1, wherein the application of the solution to the workpiece comprises is performed by silt coating.
- 9. (Original) A porous insulating layer-forming apparatus comprising:
 a solution-applying portion for applying a solution in which an insulating material is dissolved, onto a workpiece;

a solidified layer-forming portion for cooling the solution applied onto the workpiece to a temperature less than or equal to the melting point of the solvent contained in the solution to form a solidified layer;

a vacuum drying portion for removing the solvent contained in the solidified layer by decompression to make the solidified layer porous; and

a firing portion for hardening the porous layer obtained in the vacuum drying portion.

- 10. (Currently Amended) A<u>The</u> porous insulating layer-forming apparatus according to Claim 9, wherein the solidified layer-forming portion is provided in a decompression chamber of the vacuum drying portion.
- 11. (Original) An electronic device including a porous insulting layer formed by the method for forming a porous insulating layer according to Claim 1.
- 12. (Original) An electronic device including a porous insulating layer formed by use of the porous insulating layer-forming apparatus according to Claim 9.

13. (New) A method for forming a porous insulating layer, comprising:

applying a solution containing an insulating material onto a substrate;

cooling the solution to a temperature less than or equal to the melting point of a solvent contained in the solution to form a gel layer;

vaporizing the solvent contained in the gel layer to make a solidified layer, porous layer;

hardening the porous layer; and

melting a surface of the porous layer to enclose pores of the surface of the porous layer.

- 14. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the step of vaporizing the solvent comprises sublimation of the solvent.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the insulating material comprises an inorganic insulating material selected from the group consisting of silicon dioxide (SiO₂) and silicon nitride (Si₃N₄).
- 16. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the insulating material comprises an organic insulating material selected from the group consisting of tetraethoxysilane and alkoxide compounds.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the porous layer comprises a porosity of 90%.

18. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the melting step comprises instantaneously exposing the porous layer to a high temperature with a flushing device.